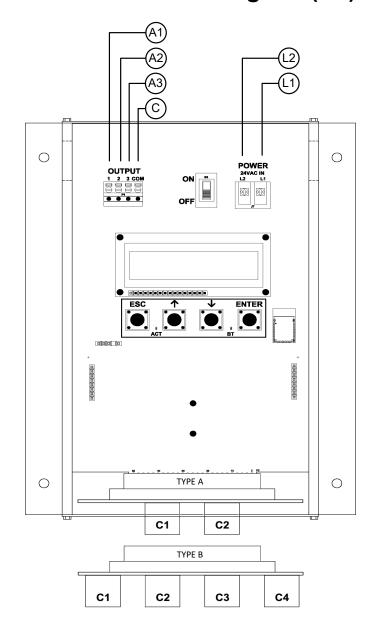
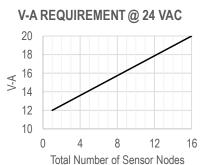
Advantage IV (A4) GTA116e-P WIRING GUIDE



TRANSMITTER CONNECTIONS

Power		Analog Out (isolated)				Туре	
L1	L2	A1	A2	A3	С	Α	В
24 VAC (hot)	24 VAC (neutral)	+ Airflow +	Temperature or Alarm +	Psychrometric Property+	Signal Common	2 probes x 8 sensors/probe	4 probes x 4 sensors/probe



INSTRUCTIONS TO INSTALLER:

- Mount the transmitter in a location where all probe cables can reach the receptacles of the transmitter. Provide a weatherproof enclosure (by others) and mount away from direct sunlight when outdoor mounting is required.
- 2. Connect the sensor probes to the transmitter. Although probes are "plug and play" and connections to specific receptacles are not required, it is recommended that probes are connected Probe 1 to receptacle C1, Probe 2 to receptacle C2, etc. Probe numbers are indicated on each cable hang tag.
- Cables have an FEP plenum rated jacket that are UV tolerant and suitable for operation over the entire operating temperature range of the device.
- A Sensor probe plugs are keyed and NOT twist-lock. Align the key and push the plug onto the transmitter receptacle. Twisting may damage the connector pins.
- Select a 24 VAC transformer that provides 22.8 to 26.4 VAC during operation. Refer to the chart above to optimize the transformer size or size the transformer for 20 V-A for each measurement location.
- ⚠ Multiple transmitters wired to a single transformer must be wired "in-phase" (L1 to L1 and L2 to L2).
- 4. If analog output signals are used, continue to step 5, otherwise skip to step 6.
- 5. Connect each analog output signal required to the host B.A.S. using shielded twisted-pair wire. Properly terminate the shield (typically at the B.A.S.).
- (i) AO3 (relative humidity, enthalpy, or dew point) is only available if the /H humidify sensor option is provided.
- If twisted pair wire and/or shielded cable is not used, extraneous electrical noise can be picked up between the transmitter and host control panel.
- 6. Refer to the GTA116e-P Startup Guide prior to moving the power switch to the "ON" position.